The Complex World of Conduct Disorder

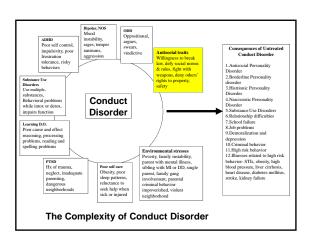
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The Complex World of Conduct Disorder Jeffrey Rowe, MD

Faculty Financial Disclosure

I have nothing to disclose.



First Point: It is easy to "get" the diagnosis of Conduct Disorder

Also, it is easy to know someone has it when you interview them for a few minutes

Diagnosing CD

- Aggression, destruction of property, stealing and lying, violation of rules
- 3 symptoms, 12 months
- Impairment
- Onset before 10, but later is possible

Areas of research on CD youth

Where is the lesion?

Amygdala hypo-activity to fearful faces

- CD boys with callous/unemotional traits (thought to have impaired processing of visual and auditory displays of fear and sadness) vs. age matched controls
- fMRI, stimulus of fear inducing pictures
- · Lesser right amygdala activity
- Similar findings in adult psychopaths and teens with CD

Jones, AJP, 2009

Autonomic NS deficiencies and CD

- · Prediction of future conduct disorder
 - Higher electrodermal conduction (girls)
 - Relates to less emotional control and behavioral inhibition
 - Lower resting heart rate during anticipation (boys)
 - Relates to less arousal when higher would be expected
 - Less respiratory related sinus arrhythmias (boys)
 - Relates to less emotional control
 - Severity of aggression inversely related to ANS arousal

-Beauchanie JAACAP, 2008

Orbito-frontal-paralimbic motivation networks and CD

- CD kids, ADHD kids- not co-morbid, no meds
- fMRI
- Tasks calling for sustained attention;
 - ADHD deficits VLPFC,
 - CD deficits OFP (insula, hippocampus, anterior cingulate, cerebellum)

Rubia AJP, 2009

Orbito-frontal corte	ex and limbic system rmalities and CD		
Structural abrilo	Thankes and OD		
ADHD, CD boys, aged	I matched controls	-	
MRI studies			
 CD boys had 6% less g Reduced right temporal; Reduced amygdala, hip 		-	
 Reduced amygdala, hip 			
Huebner .	JAACAP 2008		
	d point:	-	
The Associated Symptoms of			
Conduct Disorder are what make			
these kids so hard to handle		-	
		-	
and so dangerous for those around them!			
Associated Sy	mptoms of CD		
Substance use disorders	Blame others for their		
Early onset	problems		
 Mood instability Anger, aggression 	 Poor frustration tolerance 	-	
 Impulsivity 	Recklessness, accident		
And other ADHD symptoms	prone, injuriesMisperception of		
Learning disabilities (more about this later)	neutral behavior		

Third Point:

Trauma, poor early childhood caregiving, bad modeling, and negative peer influences play a big role in CD kids' bad behavior

Also makes it tough to form a trusting relationship

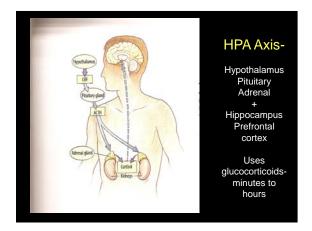
Homeostasis, allostasis, & allostatic load

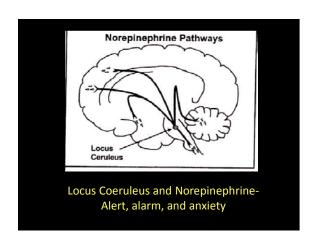
- Homeostasis- maintain internal states
- Allostasis- neurobiologic systems that allow you to maintain homeostasis
- Allostatic load (or overload)- physiologic dysregulation of multiple biologic systems

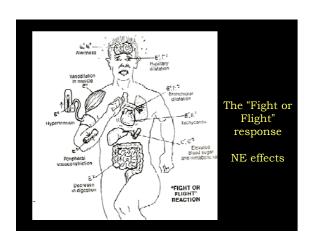
Stress Emotion Systems

- The multiple, integrated systems that both alert us to danger and prevent "overshoot"
 - HPA
 - Locus Coeruleus
 - SAM (Brain stem and sympathetic NS
 - Parasympathetic NS
 - Cortical inhibition

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Allostasis and allostatic load

- Allostasis- the body's ability to change in order to preserve homeostasis
 - Examples- sweat, anaerobic metabolism
- When over stressed, this can over tax the bodies adaptive changes
- The relatively permanent damage is called allostatic load.
 - Examples- sleep regulation, appetite regulation, aggression, CRH and cortisol secretion

Fear Conditioning

- Complex adaptational mechanism with psychological, behavioral, and neurobiological components
- Protects the organism from re-exposure to danger
- Encoding, consolidation, and reconsolidation of memory play a big role, difficult to extinguish

Fear Conditioning- more

- Takes place in the amygdala (with projections to hypothalamus and brain stem)
- Includes autonomic, behavioral, and endocrine responses that signal "danger"
- CRH, cortisol, and NE play a role

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Last Point

Thinking errors plague these children's ability to be good citizens and good crooks

These errors also provide a way to begin to understand their cognitive processing of information

Thinking Problems of CD Kids

- Affect driven behavior
- Impulsive decision making
- Inability to consider multiple causality
- Compartmentalization
- Inadequate empathy
- Inadequate prioritization
- Inadequate cause and effect reasoning
- Externalization of responsibility
- Disregard for (certain)
- Language as behavior
- Lack of trust in adults

